



Ph: 03 9863 8081/ Fax: 03 9863 8083

Suite 822, St Kilda Road Tower,  
1 Queens Road, Melbourne, VIC 3004

email@sanonda.com  
www.sanonda.com

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifiers

Product name : Sanonda Paraquat/diquat Herbicide  
Active ingredient : paraquat and diquat  
Product code : 7096

#### 1.2. Other means of identification

IUPAC name:

Paraquat: 1,1-dimethyl-4,4-bipyridinium.

Diquat: 6,7 dihydrodipyrido[1,2-a:2',1'-c]pyrazinediium dibromide

#### 1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

For the control of annual (Wimmera) ryegrass and certain broadleaved weeds in winter cereal crops as per the Directions for Use table on the label.

#### 1.4. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sanonda (Australia) Pty Ltd (ABN 23 059 813 973)

Address: Suite 822, St Kilda Road Towers, No. 1 Queens Road, Melbourne,  
Victoria 3004 Australia.

TEL: +61 3 9863 8081

FAX: +61 3 9863 8083

[email@sanonda.com](mailto:email@sanonda.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : +61 3 9863 8081

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. GHS classification of the substance or mixture

##### Statement of Hazardous Nature

This product is classified as: Xi, Irritating. T, Toxic. N, Dangerous to the environment. Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.

Dangerous according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

Note: differing Hazard Criteria of SWA and TGA may result in seeming inconsistencies between SDS and label.

**SUSMP Classification: S7**



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(AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD

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**ADG Classification:** Class 6.1: Toxic Substances.

**UN Number:** 3016, BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC

**GHS Signal word:** DANGER

Acute Toxicity Oral Category 1 or 2

Acute Toxicity Dermal Category 1 or 2

Skin Corrosion /Irritation Category 2

Skin Sensitisation Category 1

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Acute Toxicity Inhalation Category 1/2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Category 3

Specific Target Organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 1

Hazardous to aquatic environment Short term/Chronic Category 1

**HAZARD STATEMENT:**

H300: Fatal if swallowed.

H310: Fatal in contact with skin.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H330: Fatal if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**PREVENTION**

P260: Do not breathe fumes, mists, vapours or spray.

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264: Wash contacted areas thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P284: Wear respiratory protection.

**RESPONSE**

P361: Remove all contaminated clothing immediately.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.

P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.



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P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

P391: Collect spillage.

P370+P378: Not combustible. Use extinguishing media suited to burning materials. Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires.

#### STORAGE

P405: Store locked up.

P410: Protect from sunlight.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### DISPOSAL

P501: Dispose of contents and containers as specified on the registered label.

#### Emergency Overview

**Physical Description & colour:** Clear dark blue liquid

**Odour:** Unpleasant odour

**Major Health Hazards:** Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin and if inhaled, causes skin irritation, may cause an allergic skin reaction, causes serious eye damage, may cause respiratory irritation, causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Pictograms:



### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients	CAS No	Concentration, g/L	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Paraquat (dichloride salt)	1910-42-5	135	0.1	not set
Diquat (dibromide salt)	85-00-7	115	0.5	not set
Other non hazardous ingredients including water secret to 1 L			not set	not set

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be



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repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak" is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

##### **General Information:**

You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

##### **Inhalation:**

If inhalation occurs, contact a Poisons Information Centre. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice. DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Symptoms of pulmonary oedema can be delayed up to 48 hours after exposure.

##### **Skin Contact:**

Flush contaminated area with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-30 minutes, by the clock. DO NOT INTERRUPT FLUSHING. If necessary, keep emergency vehicle waiting (show paramedics this MSDS and take their advice). Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands and belts). If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately.

##### **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes or until the product is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

##### **Ingestion:**

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting; rinse mouth thoroughly with water and contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call a doctor at once. Give activated charcoal if instructed.

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

##### **Fire and Explosion Hazards:**

The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is little risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire.

This product is likely to decompose only after heating to dryness, followed by further strong heating.

Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

##### **Extinguishing Media:**



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Not combustible. Use extinguishing media suited to burning materials. Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires. Try to contain spills, minimise spillage entering drains or water courses.

**Fire Fighting:**

If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. There is little danger of a violent reaction or explosion if significant quantities of this product are involved in a fire. Recommended personal protective equipment is liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

**Flash point:**

Will not burn until water component is driven off.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**Accidental release:**

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Evacuate the spill area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Wear full protective chemically resistant clothing including eye/face protection, gauntlets and self contained breathing apparatus. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include no specific manufacturer recommendations. Use impermeable gloves with care. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise, as a minimum, protective glasses and, preferably, goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator.

Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8).

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Because of the toxicity of this product, special personal care should be taken in any cleanup operation.

Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. Refer to product label for specific instructions.

After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Full details regarding disposal of used containers, spillage and unused material may be found on the label. If there is any conflict between this SDS and the label, instructions on the label prevail. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use.

Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**Handling:**



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Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

**Storage:**

This product is a Scheduled Poison. Observe all relevant regulations regarding sale, transport and storage of this schedule of poison. Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Check containers periodically for leaks. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under "Incompatibilities" in Section 10. If you keep more than 10000kg or L of Dangerous Goods of Packaging Group III, you may be required to license the premises or notify your Dangerous Goods authority. If you have any doubts, we suggest you contact your Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: **AS/NZS 4501 set 2008**, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

<b>SWA Exposure Limits</b>	<b>TWA (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)</b>	<b>STEL (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)</b>
Paraquat (dichloride salt)	0.1	not set
Diquat (dibromide salt)	0.5	not set

The ADI for Diquat is set at 0.002mg/kg/day. The corresponding NOEL is set at 0.2mg/kg/day. ADI means Acceptable Daily Intake; NOEL means No-observable-effect-level. Data from Australian ADI List, June 2014.

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

**Ventilation:**

This product should only be used where there is ventilation that is adequate to keep exposure below the TWA levels. If necessary, use a fan.

**Eye Protection:**

Protective glasses or goggles must be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may lead to severe harm to them or to general health. Emergency eye wash facilities must also be available in an area close to where this product is being used.

**Skin Protection:**

It is essential that all skin areas are adequately covered by impermeable gloves, overalls, hair covering, apron and face shield. See below for suitable material types.



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**Protective Material Types:**

There is no data that enables us to recommend any type except that it should be impermeable.

**Respirator:**

Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above. Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**Physical Description & colour:** Clear dark blue liquid

**Odour:** Unpleasant odour

**Boiling Point:** Approximately 100°C at 100kPa.

**Freezing/Melting Point:** No specific data. Liquid at normal temperatures.

**Volatiles:** Water component.

**Vapour Pressure:** 2.37 kPa at 20°C (water vapour pressure).

**Vapour Density:** As for water.

**Specific Gravity:** 1.16 at 20°C

**Water Solubility:** Soluble.

**Evaporation Rate:** As for water.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**Reactivity:**

This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

**Conditions to Avoid:**

This product should be kept in a cool place, preferably below 30°C. Containers should be kept dry. Keep isolated from combustible materials. Protect this product from light. Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight.

**Incompatibilities:**

Strong oxidising agents, aluminium, zinc, iron and their alloys.

**Fire Decomposition:**

This product is likely to decompose only after heating to dryness, followed by further strong heating. Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. May form nitrogen and its compounds, and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Occasionally hydrogen cyanide gas in reducing atmospheres. May form hydrogen chloride gas, other compounds of chlorine.

Bromine compounds. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

**Polymerisation:**



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Polymerisation reactions are unlikely; they are not expected to occur.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity:

Paraquat Dichloride: LD<sub>50</sub> Oral, Rat 157mg/kg; LD<sub>50</sub> Oral, Mouse = 104mg/kg.

Diquat dibromide: LD<sub>50</sub> Oral 1009 mg/kg (m), 1047 mg/kg (f).

### Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient	Risk Phrases
Paraquat (dichloride Salt)	>=10% Conc<20%: T+; R26; R21/22; R48/25
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Acute toxicity - category 2</li><li>• Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - category 1</li><li>• Eye irritation - category 2</li><li>• Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - category 3</li><li>• Skin irritation - category 2</li><li>• Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - category 1</li><li>• Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - category 1</li></ul>
Diquat (dibromide Salt)	>=10%Conc<20%: T+; R26; R48/25; R43
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Acute toxicity - category 2</li><li>• Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - category 1</li><li>• Eye irritation - category 2</li><li>• Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - category 3</li><li>• Skin irritation - category 2</li><li>• Skin sensitisation - category 1</li><li>• Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - category 1</li><li>• Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - category 1</li></ul>

**Diquat (dibromide Salt) is classed by SWA as a potential sensitiser by skin contact.**

### Potential Health Effects

**Persons sensitive to diquat should avoid contact with this product.**

#### Inhalation:

**Short term exposure:** Available data shows that this product is very toxic, but symptoms are not available.

In addition product is an inhalation irritant. Symptoms may include headache, irritation of nose and throat and increased secretion of mucous in the nose and throat. Other symptoms may also become evident, but they should disappear after exposure has ceased.

**Long Term exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

#### Skin Contact:



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www.sanonda.com

**Short term exposure:** Available data shows that this product is toxic, but further symptoms are not available. In addition product is a skin irritant. Symptoms may include itchiness and reddening of contacted skin. Other symptoms may also become evident, but all should disappear once exposure has ceased.

**Long Term exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

#### **Eye Contact:**

**Short term exposure:** This product is a severe eye irritant. Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering which may become copious. Other symptoms such as swelling of eyelids and blurred vision may also become evident. If exposure is brief, symptoms should disappear once exposure has ceased. However, lengthy exposure or delayed treatment is likely to cause permanent damage.

**Long Term exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

#### **Ingestion:**

**Short term exposure:** Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. Available data shows that this product is toxic, but further symptoms are not available. However, this product may be irritating to mucous membranes but is unlikely to cause anything more than transient discomfort.

**Long Term exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

#### **Carcinogen Status:**

**SWA:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA.

**NTP:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

**IARC:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects to the aquatic environment.

#### **Paraquat Dichloride:**

##### **Birds:**

LD<sub>50</sub> hen: 262-380mg/kg

LD<sub>50</sub> bobwhite quail: 981mg/kg

LD<sub>50</sub> Japanese quail: 970mg/kg

LD<sub>50</sub> mallard duck: 4048mg/kg

##### **Fish:**

LC<sub>50</sub> rainbow trout: 32mg/L

LC<sub>50</sub> brown trout: 2.15-13mg/L

#### **Environmental fate:**

**Animals:** In rats, following oral administration, 76-90% of the dose was excreted in the faeces, and 11-20% in urine.

**Plants:** On plant surfaces, photochemical degradation occurs. Degradation products which have been isolated include 1-methyl-4-carboxypyridinium chloride and methylamine hydrochloride.

**Soil/environment:** Clays and organic materials rapidly and strongly absorb paraquat, resulting in complete



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deactivation. Typical strong absorption capacities vary from 20-3000mg/kg soil depending on clay or organic material content. Desorption requires digestion with 12N sulphuric acid for several hours.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal:**

This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to separate the contamination in some way. Only if neither of these options is suitable, we suggest that you contact a specialist disposal company to arrange disposal. Disposal by untrained personnel may cause a dangerous incident.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

**Dangerous according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.**

#### **UN Number:**

3016, BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC

#### **Hazchem Code:**

2XE

#### **Special Provisions:**

61, 223, 274

#### **Limited quantities:**

ADG 7 specifies a Limited Quantity value of 5 L for this class of product.

#### **Dangerous Goods Class:**

Class 6.1: Toxic Substances.

#### **Packing Group:**

III

#### **Packing Instruction:**

P001, IBC03, LP01

Class 6 Toxic Substances shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 1 (Explosives), 3 (Flammable Liquids where the Flammable Liquid is nitromethane), 5.1 (Oxidising Agents where the Toxic Substances are Fire Risk Substances), 5.2 (Organic Peroxides where the Toxic Substances are Fire Risk Substances), 8 (Corrosive Substances where the Toxic Substances are cyanides and the Corrosives are acids), Foodstuffs and foodstuff empties. They may however be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes, 2.1 (Flammable Gases), 2.2 (Non-Flammable, Non-Toxic Gases), 2.3 (Toxic Gases), 3 (Flammable liquids, except where the flammable liquid is nitromethane), 4.1 (Flammable Solids), 4.2 (Spontaneously Combustible Substances), 4.3 (Dangerous When Wet Substances), 5.1 (Oxidising Agents except where the Toxic Substances are Fire Risk Substances), 5.2 (Organic Peroxides except where the Toxic Substances are Fire Risk Substances), 7 (Radioactive Substances), 8 (Corrosive Substances



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except where the Toxic Substances are cyanides and the Corrosives are acids), 9 (Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods).

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

**AICS:** All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with NICNAS regulations. The following ingredients: Paraquat (dichloride salt), Diquat (dibromide salt), are mentioned in the SUSMP.

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Acronyms:

#### ADG Code

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition)

#### AICS

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

#### SWA

Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC

#### CAS number

Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

#### Hazchem Code

Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially firefighters

#### IARC

International Agency for Research on Cancer

#### NOS

Not otherwise specified

#### NTP

National Toxicology Program (USA)

#### R-Phrase

Risk Phrase

#### SUSMP

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

#### UN Number

United Nations Number

**This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.**

All due care and skill, so far as practicable, has been applied in the preparation and collation of the information in this SDS. Each user of the Product named in this SDS should read and consider the information contained in this



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SDS in the context of how the Product will be stored, handled, used or applied in the workplace. In all circumstances, it is the responsibility of the user of the Product to ensure that they have sought out the relevant safety data appropriate to their particular situation. Nothing contained in this SDS shall be construed as a representation or recommendation to the user about the suitability or otherwise of the Product named in this SDS for the user's particular situation. If the user requires any clarification or further information, the user should contact Sanonda (Australia) Pty Ltd.

**National Poisons Information Centre: Dial 13 11 26 (from anywhere in Australia)**

**Please read all labels carefully before using product.**

**Date of Issue: April 30, 2022.**